In the Claims:

1. (Amended) A high-voltage power breaker, comprising:

~~having~~ an interrupter unit which is enclosed, with a gap, by a gas-tight housing ~~(16)~~ filled with quenching gas, ~~with~~ the interrupter unit ~~having~~ comprising:

two arcing contacts ~~(1,2)~~, at least one of which can be driven during a switching operation and ~~with any~~ an arc ~~which is~~ produced between the arcing contacts ~~(1,2)~~ during disconnection being blown by ~~means of~~ a blowing device ~~(5,6)~~ with the quenching gas, which afterwards at least partially flows away in the axial direction of the arcing contacts; ~~(1,2) and with~~

a flow deflection device ~~(9,10,11) which is not the same as the blowing device (5,6), being~~ provided in ~~the~~ an outlet-flow area of the quenching gas, in order to deflect the quenching gas flow through more than 90° radially outward;

and a partition wall to separate the quenching gas flow before the deflection from the quenching gas flow after the deflection; wherein

a nozzle body is arranged on the partition wall, and, together with the flow deflection device, forms a nozzle constriction.

~~characterized in that~~

~~the flow deflection device (9,10,11) deflects the quenching gas flow radially outward through more than 90°.~~

2. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker ~~for accelerating the quenching gas flow~~ as claimed in claim 1,

~~characterized in that a~~

wherein the nozzle body ~~(11)~~ ~~is integrated in~~ has a convex area, which faces a concave area of the flow deflection device ~~(9,10,11)~~.

3. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in claim ~~1 or~~ 2,

~~characterized in that~~

wherein the flow direction device ~~(9,10,11) is cylindrically symmetrical and is arranged coaxially with respect to the arcing contact (1,2)~~ and the partition wall are cylindrically symmetrical, and are arranged coaxially with respect to the arcing contacts.

4. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in ~~one of the preceding~~ ~~claims~~ claim 1,

~~characterized in that,~~

~~the nozzle body (11) is attached to a cylindrical partition wall (12) which separates the quenching gas flow before deflection from the quenching gas flow after deflection~~

further comprising a quenching gas cooling device in the form of a body having through-openings is arranged downstream of the deflection device.

5. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in ~~one of the preceding~~ ~~claims~~ claim 4,

~~characterized in that~~

~~the nozzle body (11) has a convex area, which faces a concave area of the flow deflection device (9,19,11), and in that an annular nozzle constriction (12) is formed between these areas~~

wherein the quenching gas cooling device is cylindrically symmetrical.

6. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in ~~one of the preceding~~ ~~claims~~ claim 5,

~~characterized in that~~

~~in the sense of the quenching gas flow, a quenching gas cooling device (13) in the form of a body having through-openings is arranged downstream of the deflection device (9,10,11)~~

wherein another deflection device for the quenching gas is arranged downstream of the quenching gas cooling device.

7. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in ~~one of the preceding claims~~ claim 10,

~~characterized in that~~

~~the quenching gas cooling device (13) is cylindrically symmetrical~~ wherein the flow deflection device and/or the nozzle body are/is composed of an insulating material, such as PTFE or PVDF (polyvinylidene fluoride).

8. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in claim 1, ~~one of the preceding claims,~~

~~characterized in that~~

a further deflection device for the quenching gas is arranged downstream of the quenching gas cooling device ~~(13)~~.

9. (Amended) The high-voltage power breaker as claimed in claim 1, ~~one of the preceding claims,~~

~~characterized in that~~

wherein the flow deflection device ~~(9,10,11)~~ and/or the nozzle body ~~(11)~~ are/is composed of an insulating material, in particular PTFE or PVDF (polyvinylidene fluoride).

In the Abstract:

Please replace the Abstract in its entirety with the Abstract attached hereto.